THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.
PUBLISHED BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
AT GAZETTE BUILDING,
No. 86 Fifth Street.
F. R. PENNIMAN, T. P. HOUSTON, } Editors.
JOSIAH KING, NELSON P. REED, } Business Manag'rs.
TERMS:
Single Copies ..... 3 cents.
Delivered by carrier, (per week) ..... 15 cents.
Mail Subscribers, (per year) ..... $8.00.
Liberal reductions to Newsboys and Agents.
TERMS FOR WEEKLY:
Three Copies, per year, by mail $1 50
Five do. do. do. each 1 25
Ten or more copies, to one address, and one free to club, each 1 15

CITY ITEMS.

The Ladies' Fair and Festival
At the Sunday School room of Trinity (Episcopal) Church, Sixth street, will be continued this evening. Supper will be served at 6 P. M., and the Fair will continue until 9 P. M., when it will close by a sale at auction of a variety of fancy articles.

Geological Lecture.
At University Hall to-night.

Macalister
At Masonic Hall to-night.

Spring Cloaks
Now ready at Spence's, No. 73 Market St.

The Greatest Sale of the Season.
The Opera House Shoe Store in full blast. Go to-day.

Selling Ladies' Furs.
At the first class Fur House of Wm. Fleming, No. 139 Wood street.

Important Truth.
The fact has become well established that a large class of diseases can be traced to a depraved state of the blood, and are readily cured by such remedies as will enter into the blood, and expel from it all particles. By this means the remedy can be brought into immediate contact with the disease. The remedy that stands pre-eminent for this purpose is *Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher.* Scrofula, King's Evil, Cancer and Cancerous Tumors, White Swellings, Enlargement of the Bones and Joints, Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, old and indolent Ulcers, Goitre and Goitrous Swellings of the Throat and Neck, are cured by DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER with a certainty that has astonished even men well schooled in medicine. Hundreds of such persons are now suffering with diseases of this class, who, if they knew the cures made by Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher, would not hesitate one instant in giving it a trial.

A trial will give confidence, and perseverance in the use of the medicine will restore hundreds of sufferers to health and usefulness.

Be careful and ask for Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher, and take no other. If your druggists do not keep it, write to Dr. Keyser, 149 Wood street, and he will send it by express. $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

Macalister
At Masonic Hall to-night.

Don't Fail
To call this day at No. 73 Market street, for a new Spring Sacque.

Spring Styles of Hats and Caps,
At the fashionable Hat and Cap House of Wm. Fleming, No. 139 Wood street.

Undeniable Attraction,
At the Opera House Shoe Store, where they are closing out all goods at less than cost, in order to go into the wholesale business.

Bill Shakspeare and Cassius.
"Let me have men about me that are fat, sleek headed men—You Cassius has a lean and hungry look; such men are dangerous." so said Shakspeare. Now Cassius, like many another simple man, was slim because he knew not how to appreciate good living. If he were living to-day he would not be reproached because lean, for at Holtzheimer's Continental saloon, he would repair like all sensible men do, and partake of the splendidly gotten up meals and be as sleek and fat as his tormentor. Cassius would appreciate Holtzheimer's bill of fare and would be one of the numerous patrons who throng this popular restaurant day and night. As Cassius is dead, we can only advise lean men like him to patronize no other restaurant than the Continental, next door to the Post office Fifth street, unless they want to keep lean and spare-boned.

Macalister
At Masonic Hall to-night.

The Prettiest
And most stylish wrap, for spring wear, is now in store at Spence's.

Country Dealers
Will do well to attend the Great Sixty Days' Sale at the Opera Shoe Store, as they will there find a great variety of goods suited to their trade, and for less money than they can be bought in the Eastern market.

To Housekeepers.
Good Tomatoes at 30 cents per can.
Strawberries at 40 cents.
Blackberries at 40 cents.
Peaches at 30 cents.
Peach Marmalade at 50 cents.
Peach Jam at 30 cents.
Good Raisins at 20 cents per pound.
Good Prunes at 25 cents per pound.
Good Currants at 22 cents per pound.
At 112 Federal street, Allegheny City.
GEO. BEAVEN.

Symptoms of Worms in Children
Are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. Brown's "Vermifuge Comfits," or Worm Lozenges, are simple and effectual. Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity, Jos. Fleming, Druggist, corner Market street and the Diamond, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Macalister
At Masonic Hall to-night.

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At Masonic Hall to-night.

Will Open March 1st, 1867.
E. R. Gardiner having disposed of his old place of business, will open an entire new stock of Spring Dry Goods, at No. 69 Market street, west corner Market and Fourth, March 1st, mwr

Drugs and Medicines.
Doctors' prescriptions carefully prepared at half the usual prices, at Fulton's Drug Store, opposite Postoffice.

You Can Buy
Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195 First street, Pittsburgh.

You Can Buy
98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy
New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

Macalister
At Masonic Hall to-night.

INSURANCE.

The National Fire Insurance Convention—Election of Officers and Business Transacted.
NEW YORK, February 21.—The National Fire Insurance Convention to-day, elected James M. McLean, of New York, President for the ensuing year, and a full list of other officers. W. Conner, of New York, was elected Secretary, F. W. Ballard declining a re-election. Among the Executive Committee are J. K. Bennett, William Cassels, and Joseph H. Carter, Cincinnati; S. D. Atwater, Thomas Goodman, William E. Rolls, Chicago; E. C. House and S. S. Coe, Cleveland; Warner White, Detroit.

The subject of limitation of insurance was referred to the Executive Committee, and resolutions were adopted recommending a clause to policies that the use of gasolene in lighting premises, without consent in policy, shall cause its violation.

The Committee on Adjustment of Claims reported that during the past year there were over $10,000,000 overpaid in the country, owing to the want of proper investigation of losses before claims were paid.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

The Atlantic and Pacific Railroad in Missouri—General Sheridan.
ST. LOUIS, February 21.—Levi Parsons, Assistant President, and J. Robinson, Chief Engineer of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, are here from New York on business connected with the vigorous prosecution of work on that road in southwest Missouri.

Major General Sheridan and several officers of his staff came from Cincinnati to Odin, Illinois, to-day, where they took the train for Cairo, enroute to New Orleans.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM EUROPE.

Suspension of the Habeas Corpus in Ireland.

ALIEN FENIANS TO BE TREATED AS PIRATES.

Pacification of Hungary.

RELIGIOUS CONVOCATION IN TURKEY.

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS IN IRELAND.

LONDON, February 21—*Noon.*—The suspension of the writ of habeas corpus has been prolonged in Ireland.

BISMARK DANGEROUSLY ILL.

BERLIN, February 21.—Bismark is again prostrated by sickness. Doubts are entertained of his recovery.

STEPHENS AND THE FENIANS.

LONDON, February 21.—It is stated that Stephens is not, and has not been, in Ireland. It is also reported that he recently had been seen in Paris. National troops are posted at various places in Kerry and Cork counties in such numbers as to effectually prevent further outbreak.

THE HUNGARIANS CONTENTED.

VIENNA, February 21.—The restoration of the Constitution of 1848 to Hungary, by the Emperor, has had the effect to remove the troubles heretofore existing, and the people are quite contented.

SALE OF THE RAPPAHANNOCK—LAUNCH OF THE GREAT EASTERN.

LIVERPOOL, February 21.—The steamer Rappahannock was sold at auction to-day by Mr. Dudley, the American Consul, for £5,200 sterling.

The repairs on the Great Eastern are completed, and she was successfully launched from the Gridiron at Birkenhead.

A RELIGIOUS CONVENTION TO BE CALLED BY THE SULTAN OF TURKEY.

LONDON, February 21.—The Sultan of Turkey has officially informed the leading powers of Europe, that he has decided to call together an assembly of the representatives of all religious creeds in his empire, for the purpose of adopting measures for more effectual execution of the provisions of Firman of 1856.

ARRIVAL OF STEAMSHIPS AT BREST.

BREST, February 21.—The steamship Europa, from New York, has arrived.

LONDON, February 21.—The steam ship Damascus, from Portland has arrived.

TO BE TREATED AS PIRATES.

LONDON, February 21.—The English Government has issued a proclamation declaring that Fenians caught in the act of robbing, will be treated as pirates.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

LONDON, February 21.—Consols opened at 91; Erie, 37¾; Bonds, 74; Illinois Central, 78¾.

LIVERPOOL, February 21.—*Noon.*—Cotton is but a declining tendency, and closed dull; Middling Uplands, 12¾; Orleans, 12¾; sales, 10,000 bales. Corn—Mixed Western sold at 38s 9d. American Lard advancing and closed at 51s. Ashes, 28s for pots. Petroleum unchanged.

FRANKFORT, February 21.—United States bonds, 82¾.

PARIS, February 21.—*Evening*—American bonds, 82¾.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, February 21, 1867.

SENATE.

The following bills were passed to-day:

A supplement to an act for the protection of owners of the wharfs and landings at Oil City.

A supplement to an act incorporating the borough of East Birmingham.

A supplement to an act incorporating the St. Clair cemetery of Greensburg.

An act to incorporate the Odd Fellows association of Waynesburgh.

A supplement to an act incorporating the Birmingham and South Pittsburgh gas company.

An act to provide an additional Judge in the Twenty-first Judicial District.

The following petitions were read in place:

Mr. Landon presented a petition in favor of a change in the legal rate of interest from six to seven per cent.

Mr. Taylor read a petition from the citizens to incorporate portions of the township of Bridgewater into the borough of Brown.

Mr. Lawrence read a remonstrance against the sale of liquors, and against Sunday travel.

Also, a petition to authorize the School Directors of the Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, to borrow money for school purposes.

The supplement to incorporate the Birmingham Bridge Company was passed, and the general jury bill was taken up and freely discussed. It was opposed by Lowry and White.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Waddell called up an act relating to the State agency at Washington. The bill was amended closing the agency in June and action was postponed.

The public bill relating to law evidence and husbands deserting their wives was discussed during the session and passed.

FROM THE SOUTH.

Destitution in South Carolina—Rebel outrages in Virginia and Kentucky—The Position of Governor Orr, of South Carolina.

NEW YORK, February 21.—The *Herald's* Southern correspondence, represents that some excitement existed in South West Virginia, on account of the murder of two members of the Reid String Association, a radical organization for electioneering purposes.

In South Carolina, the great destitution is believed to be mainly due to the disorganization of the labor system.

A case testing the validity of a power of attorney, held during the war, on which property was sold for Confederate money, is pending in the United States Court at Charleston. Mrs. Caroline Carew, daughter of the late James L. Pettigru, and now residing in New York, is the plaintiff.

Governor Orr has severely denounced for the sentiments he expressed at the Chamber of Commerce banquet, and in his address to the Southern Loyalists, he said that four millions dollars worth of property had been banished from Charleston by the refusal of the people to associate with northern merchants. He also announced that he was in favor of giving the negro, who could read, the right of suffrage.

In Macon Georgia, high hopes of successful business this year are entertained by the merchants.

The action of New York in reference to the relief of Southern destitution is looked to with favor by the people.

The Legislature of South Carolina, and resolutions were adopted recommending a clause to policies that the use of gasolene in lighting premises, without consent in policy, shall cause its violation.

The Committee on Adjustment of Claims reported that during the past year there were over $10,000,000 overpaid in the country, owing to the want of proper investigation of losses before claims were paid.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

WASHINGTON, February 21, 1867.

SENATE.

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AT COLUMBUS.

Mr. WILSON reported a joint resolution of the House donating the buildings at Camp Chase, Ohio, for the Ohio insane asylum, recommencing an amendment providing that the property be used for an asylum for disabled soldiers. Amendment agreed to and resolution adopted.

RAILROAD LAND GRANTS.

Mr. HOWARD moved to discharge the Committee on the Pacific Railroad from the further consideration of the bill granting the construction of that railroad from Lawrence, Kansas, to the boundary line of Mexico, also the bill to amend an act granting aid in the construction of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad. Also from the consideration of the bill to aid in the construction of the Kansas and Neosho Valley Railroad. Also a bill to grant aid for the construction of the Union Pacific Railroad. Also a bill to expedite the construction of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Mr. Howard said that in making these reports he was directed by the Committee, and that it was done with a view to expedite business, and not to prejudice any measures.

The Committee was discharged from further consideration of the bills named.

IRON CLADS VS. STONE FORTIFICATIONS.

Mr. WILSON introduced a resolution authorizing a Board consisting of six officers to be appointed by the Secretaries of War and the Navy, to make a trial of the comparative power of resistance of iron clad ships and stone fortifications against the fire heavy of artillery. The use of one of the strongest iron clad ships of the navy, and most perfect sea coast fortification for trial thereby, to be authorized. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Joint resolutions.

CONFISCATED LANDS.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN reported from the Judiciary Committee of the House, the bill to restore possession of lands confiscated by authorities of the rebellious States. This bill was amended.

SOUTH CAROLINA TAXATION SALES.

Mr. SHERMAN introduced a bill to confirm the sales made by the direct tax commissioners for South Carolina, to persons in the army and navy, or marine corps, providing the conditions of said sales had been complied with. The title to property to be restored to the tax commissioners, they being authorized to make one bid on each parcel for the United States. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

MAIL TO THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.

Mr. CONNESS reported from the Post-office Committee, with an amendment, the bill establishing a mail route between California and the Sandwich Islands.

CONSTITUTION OF NATIONAL BANKS.

Mr. VAN WINKLE, from the Committee on Finance, reported a resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to restore to National Banks the amounts of excesses paid in certain cases under an erroneous ruling of the Treasury Department.

The resolution was passed.

COMMERCE.

Important business before the Committee on Commerce will be taken up in order on Monday next, that day having been assigned by the Senate, on motion of Mr. Chandler.

PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Mr. HOWARD, from the Committee on the Pacific Railroad bill, asked that that committee be discharged from any further consideration of the bill granting that company aid to build their road from Lake Superior to Puget Sound. The Committee was discharged from further consideration of the subject.

THE TRANSFER OF THE INDIAN BUREAU.

The bill in relation to the Indian Bureau was taken up for consideration to-day. It is for the annual inspection of the Indian Bureau. Mr. Howard would send back a substitute, to transfer the Indian Bureau to the War Department, and against this the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs make a unanimous report.

Mr. SHERMAN moved that the Senate non-concur and call for a Committee of Conference.

Mr. WILLIAMS was in favor of the House proposition, and rather than lose it in the Committee of Conference, he should would move to indefinitely postpone the bill. It would then come up at some future time. Pending this consideration Senate went into executive session.

Recess.

BILLS PASSED.

Evening Session.—The bill to amend the military bill of last session so as to place Judge Advocates on the same footing as to tenure of office as other officers passed.

The bill to grant lands to Oregon to build a military wagon road from Columbia river to Snake river. Passed.

The Indian Bureau bill was considered without action.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House of Representatives assembled and after transactions of some unimportant business, among which was the fixing of the time for meeting hereafter, at 11 o'clock in the morning, proceeded to take up general business.

BRIDGING THE MISSISSIPPI AT ST. LOUIS.

The Senate bill to authorize the construction of a submerged tubular bridge across the Mississippi river, at St. Louis. Passed.

PAYMENT OF COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

Mr. HOOPER, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill to provide ways and means for the payment of compound interest notes, and for the contraction of the currency. Mr. Hooper explained the bill, which authorizes the funding of interest notes, all of which fell due this fiscal year, was one hundred and forty millions of dollars. The bill proposed to provide them to meet the demand by help derived as a special temporary loan, for which certificates to be issued. Creating an interest of 3.65-100 per cent., the Committee of the opinion that the Bank would gladly exchange them for such certificates.

Mr. STEVENS then reported the bill by making a section read, that the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to redeem the compound interest notes as they accrued interest, and issue therefor legal tender notes. After debate he added the words "without interest, to the amount, one hundred millions of dollars." The amendment was adopted by 99 against 59. The second section was called in to direct an act for the retiring and cancellation of four millions of greenbacks per month, and prohibiting the issue of fractional currency; the bill was ordered to be engrossed, but on the question being taken on the passage of the bill as amended, it was rejected by 78 against 81.

Mr. RANDALL, of Pennsylvania, moved to reconsider the vote, on which he intended to move to strike out the second section. The reconsideration was carried.

Mr. RANDALL then moved to refer it to the Committee on Banking, with instructions to report back immediately the first section only. The bill was agreed to.

Mr. RANDALL reported from the said Committee the bill with the first section struck out.

Mr. HOOPER moved to table the bill. Rejected by 59 years against 95 nays.

The bill then passed by 95 years against 65 nays.

Several reports from the Naval Committee of a private nature were acted upon, when a recess was taken.

EXECUTIVE DOCUMENTS.

Evening Session.—Executive documents were received, enclosing the report of the secretary of State that Wisconsin and Pennsylvania have ratified the Constitutional Amendment, and from the Governor Rhode Island a similar announcement; from the Secretary of the Treasury transmitting the list of clerks, &c., of that Department, and their compensation. All referred.

On motion of Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, the Secretary of War was instructed to report all the information in his Department, relative to property seized or taken possession of by the Government or its agents in Louisiana and the amount that has been restored, by what order, &c.

LOSSES OF LOYAL INDIANS.

Mr. CLARK, of Kansas, introduced a joint resolution to provide for the payment of certain awards for losses sustained by loyal Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians. Referred.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

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LIVERPOOL

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1867.

AMERICAN LITERATURE.

Much is said, in a vague and general way, in praise of the universality and comprehensiveness of learning in the United States. If these extravagant pretensions are subjected to practical tests, of any appropriate sort, they are found to be unsubstantial and fallacious. The most natural and decisive of these tests is the condition of our Literature.

This may be divided into two departments: What may be termed Permanent Literature, gets printed in books, and runs to one or more editions. What may be termed Evanescent Literature, includes speeches, pamphlets, reviews, newspapers, sermons, and the like.

Our Permanent Literature bears no comparison with that of England, France, Austria, Belgium, or Prussia. In the higher ranges what we have can scarcely be called a Literature. Nor do we even borrow and domesticate among us the European of the highest grades. In all the advanced nations of Europe works of a superior rank are published, and run through several editions, which are never seen here except in a few select libraries, and are scarcely heard of otherwise than through the medium of the foreign Quarterlies. If all valuable Literature should be measured by an ascending scale of ten degrees, it would be found that up to three or four there is considerable Permanent Literature here; above, very little.

Nor is this the worst of it. Our Permanent Literature can be called American only by courtesy. It is not fructified and emboldened by the national spirit. As a general thing it is superficial, tame and weak. It does not embody that contempt of authority which grows out of the character of our political institutions. It is destitute of our peculiar philosophical turn. It fails to exhibit even that uncertainty in respect to first principles, which is our standing shame. It lacks our national intensity, our spontaneous hope, and our fresh intuitive perceptions of truth. Above all, there is little genuine love of Freedom in it. Why? Simply because it is not original, but borrowed.

Much more of what is really American is found in speeches, pamphlets and newspapers. Between these three there is not much difference, but the last may be taken as representing the cast of the American mind most accurately. If this be so, no flattering picture of our morals or manners is presented. For, while public journals can be named which are conducted not only with smartness but withability; which handle all questions they treat of with understanding and fairness; and preserve their own dignity while extending due respect to others; the great majority are of other sorts. Vulgarity, rant, and bragging violence, recklessness of truth and justice; disregard of right and duty; what are these but the representation of the every day life of the nation?

The war and the discussions consequent thereon, have had a beneficial and elevating tendency in this regard. For while ample incitements to violence have been furnished by stirring events, occasions have been developed for calm, searching and exhaustive investigations. First principles are not at the discount they once were. Still, it will require many years before, in the order of growth, we shall have reached that literary excellence of which we even now proudly boast as among our national attainments.

ABANDONED CHILDREN.

All tax-payers, at least, are aware how considerable portion of the aggregate levies is devoted to the public education of the people. In all the larger towns from a sixth to a fourth of the taxes paid take this direction. Yet it is a matter of astonishment how many idle and vagrant boys and girls there are in the streets. We do not here include truants, and occasional absentees; but children who do not go to school regularly, if at all. It is difficult to make a precise estimate of the number who get about all the education they have in the streets, but it is so great as to go far towards explaining the increase of crimes which appals all who are familiar with the penal statistics of courts and prisons.

It is evident what must become of these neglected children. Conceding that some are so admirably organized as not to receive a permanent taint from surrounding corruption, that some have no excellent a genius that they will obtain learning under the most disadvantageous circumstances; it is evident that the greater part will remain of very different sorts. They will take the coloring of their lives from the condition into which they are launched.

What have these forsaken or misgoverned children to help them? Nothing, or next to nothing. With an intense craving for activity, they have no one to start them in the right direction, and many to give them an impulse the wrong way. They are poor, wretchedly clad and ill fed. There is nothing in their surroundings to foster self-respect; nothing to awaken and make sensitive the conscience; nothing to quicken or inspire their ambition. They find themselves beggars in the midst of opulence, and idlers in the brisk on-goings of trade and manufactures.

In centers of population life, with all classes, becomes intense. The man of business, the student, the humanitarian all feel this. Hence the passions and appetites of these miserable children in towns are stronger and more active than in corresponding grades brought up in the country. Moral and cultivated people spurn them as instinctively as they do pestilence. They are left to herd with the basest of men, and take new lessons in vice and crime, with none to give them wiser and better counsels or to lead them into safer courses.

It is hard enough to be poor in the country, where social position is not so sharply defined; where wants are few, where all live plainly; and where artificial wants do not press and clamor gratification. But in towns unreal wants are created and become more imperious in their demands than natural ones. To be hungry and ragged and dirty, in the midst of luxury and wantonness and retirement, is a lot sad beyond the power of expression; and the mystery is not that this adverse fortune wrecks many, but that any are found who escape destruction.

Take one of these miserable ones. Born, unwelcome, amid wretchedness and destitution, his coming increased both. His struggles through infancy, if natural strength of constitution holds out, less tended and cared for than the offspring of beasts. As he becomes a boy, and takes a survey of the world, and of his case as connected with it, everything repels him. Commonly he is dressed in rags so squalid as to prevent him seeking honorable employment with any hope of success. Clouds and thick darkness are about him, barring his steps in every proper direction. He is young in years, but old in misery. His companions are wo begone as himself. Is it strange that he easily becomes initiated into crime, and rapidly sinks past reclamation?

Who is responsible for all this? Let any man, the proudest in his assured position of social respectability, ask himself what he would have been had it been his fortune to be thus conditioned. It would certainly seem that somebody is more to blame than these outcasts are, and yet it is exceedingly difficult to determine who, and to fix the precise measure of responsibility. This much, however, is clear, that society at large pays a heavy penalty. The cost is not simply to be measured by what it takes to maintain constabulary, courts, jails and penitentiaries. This is the smallest part of the reckoning, vast as it is in itself. Besides this, there are the losses suffered through actual depradations, and the yet more serious and crowning sacrifice of men lost to industry, to usefulness, to virtue. It is easy, when a man's capacities are understood, to compute his value as a material producing force. By a kindred process it is possible to approximate the average of pecuniary mischief a bad man will inflict upon the community. But it is impossible to weigh a virtuous life in scales and compute its value in gold or greenbacks. It is just as impossible to tell what loss a life miscarried and spent in vicious or criminal courses entails upon the offender and society.

This is manifest. It is much cheaper to educate than to punish; more economical to sustain schools, and compel attendance, than to support jails and State prisons. The remedy cannot be found in additional harshnesses, but in ameliorations that shall lift up the lower classes of town population.

RECONSTRUCTION OF GERMANY.

Some days ago we adverted to the strong disposition evinced by the German kingdoms and principalities situated on the south of the river Main, and designed by the treaty of Prague to be included in the South German Confederacy, to become attached to Prussia, and of the refusal of the application of Baden to that end.

Bavaria has taken a new step. Its Prime Minister announces that no South German Confederacy will be formed, and that, "for the preservation of Germany, and the unity of all the German tribes," she would ally herself, in case of war, with Prussia, and that, meanwhile, the Bavarian army would be so organized as to facilitate such co-operation.

A Conference of all the South German governments is to be held at Stuttgardt, to make the same arrangement. This done, all the German troops, in case of a foreign war, except those belonging to Austria, would be placed under the leadership of Prussia. This will create a force fully equal to that which France can bring into the field.

These movements are of high moment, and cannot fail of ending in the consolidation of Germany into one Government. Parliamentary rule has been decreed in Prussia, and if all has not been granted that is desirable, improvements will be certain to follow speedily. There may be some uncomfortable friction in the working of the machinery for a little while; but the Germans have abundant learning, intelligence and love of liberty to maintain, in Central Europe, a system in which all the inherent rights of man shall be respected.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Indiana is troubled with "milk sickness."

—The "Menken waltz" has appeared in Paris.

—They eat Scotch pony in some parts of France.

—A live seal was captured on the river near Bangor.

—Many persons in Norfolk refuse to be vaccinated.

—The "mad itch" is raging among Ohio cattle.

—Drops of grease caused the great fire at Yokonoma.

—England trembles beneath the footsteps of Reform.

—The philosopher of the *Tribune* has been done in marble.

—They have the "black measles" in some parts of Maine.

—New Hampshire has $900,000 invested in school houses.

—J. G. B., Jr., has received a third medal from the French.

—Buffalo has caged a professional swindler of long standing.

—A line of steamers are to ply between Baltimore and Bremen.

—There is not trade enough to make the Spanish railroads profitable.

—A Harrisburg lady unconsciously roasted two cats in a kitchen range.

—The damp is playing havoc with the frescoes in the Houses of Parliament.

—Several thousand tons of Table Rock, at Niagara Falls, fell the other day.

—A fire at Fairfax Court House, week before last, was successfully fought with snow.

—The grape crop on the Ohio lake shore has failed only four times in forty years.

—A jeweller in New York imported $3,000 worth of diamonds in a quantity of cork.

"Speech is silver, but silence is golden." Hence the expression, hush money.—*Punch.*

—Two hundred additional omnibuses have been built in Paris, in view of the coming Exposition.

—Colenso has written a letter to prove that primitive Christians offered no prayers to Christ.

—All the Memphis schools are overflowing, and the opening of additional ones is contemplated.

—Half a dozen gentlemen in New Bedford dined together, the other day, who are worth $2,000,000.

—*Punch* suggests that after dinner conversation should be called post brandial instead of post prandial.

—John C. Calhoun's old homestead, in South Carolina, is to be sold at auction on the 4th of March next.

—Tilton supports Barnum for Congress, and Barnum supports Tilton by advertising in the *Independent*.

—One of the first features of the next season at Covent Garden will be the production of Verdi's "Don Carlo."

—Grace Greenwood is in favor of giving the ballot to every woman who owns a sewing machine or a wash tub.

—A boy in Cincinnati lost three fingers by a planing machine, and goes into court den anding $5,000 damages.

—John Chinaman in Paris furnishes a meal at a very low price to workingmen, but there is an unhappy suspicion of rats!

—A lady correspondent having fallen in love with Mr. Leonard Jerome, says that gentleman is the "noblest looking man in New York."

—The New York Stock Exchange has given $50,000 for the purchase of food for the poor of the South, by the Southern Relief Committee.

—There must be a "tea-room" in the Buffalo poor-house. The last year's bill of expenses includes an item of $897 for whisky and cigars.

THE New York *Herald* does not put a high estimate either on legislative immaculativness, or on the throughness of Investigating Committees. Hear it:

"Considerable noise is being made in the State Legislature over alleged corruptions in the management of the canals, and a committee of the Senate and Assembly has been appointed to investigate the matter. These investigating committees are very innocent, harmless affairs and seldom hurt anybody. The one in question will doubtless have a good time with the Canal Commissioners and contractors, drink a few bottles of poor champagne, get well filled with abominable Albany whisky, and make a report extolling the virtues and honesty of all who have anything to do with managing, repairing or running the State canals."

—At a military funeral in Honesdale, Pa., Friday afternoon, while a salute was being fired at the grave, the cannon was prematurely discharged, and two men were fatally and another slightly injured.

—Six persons employed al the Nashville jail were poisoned on Friday by eating sausages, in which some one had placed arsenic. They were quite sick, but prompt remedy relieved them.

—Paris is all agog with a magnificent ball given by M'lle Giula Barucci, one of the queens of the demi-monde. She is an Italian. All nations now contribute lorettes to the demi-monde of Paris.

—Statistics show that the Northwest contains one-sixth of the improved land of the country, and produces one-half of the entire bulk of the products of the United States.

IMMEDIATE RELIEF—A Cure AT LAST—METCALFE'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY, for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Nervous Headaches, and Pain in the Head and Face.

This preparation is entirely new, having been in use only a few months; yet, in no single instance has it been known to fail. The first dose (forty drops) invariably relieves the pain, and thrice repeated, often effects a cure. It not only relieves the most excruciating agony; but, when the patient is much confined to bed, three or four doses will frequently carry off the attack in two or three days; and in my case of extreme torture, relief has been obtained in a few hours. In all other cases I could perhaps recommend to be in from a week to a month's use. The great charm of METCALFE'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY is the small quantity necessary to cure the most violent attacks of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Nervous Headaches, and all similar complaints. In this respect it is very different to the other numerous remedies which are so daily being brought before the public; the great benefit of which lies in the copious draughts following those of sour quack or some nauseous liquid, before the slightest relief is procured. Remember that a few drops of this wonderful medicine acts like magic, and instantly alleviates the most unbearable pain.

Tell your afflicted friends of it, and be convinced. Price one dollar per bottle. Sole Agent for Pittsburgh,

JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist,
Corner Market street and the diamond,
fe21:TTS Pittsburgh, Penna.

GRAY HAIR, BALDNESS, DANDRUFF, ANY DISEASE OF THE SCALP.—No DISCOVERY CAN COMPARE WITH PROF. WOOD'S HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING.

"London	Our Best	Hair Color Restorer"
"London	Physicians	Hair Color Restorer"
"London	Use and	Hair Color Restorer"
"London	Recommend it.	Hair Color Restorer"

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to the weakest hair, fastens and stops its falling, and is sure to produce a new growth of hair, causing it to grow thick and strong. Only 75 cents a bottle, at the Depot,

Sold by McCLASKAN & McKENNAN, 85 Market street, D. KOONS, 5 KELLY 37 Wood st., and JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, Pittsburgh. KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny.
au27:120:wwy

READ THE CERTIFICATE OF Rev. R. T. FLUALIN.

TO DR. HOSTETTER:

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I was taken with the dysepsia a year ago last March, and, for a period of eight months, was one of the most misera le creatures you ever beheld, not being able either to eat, drink, or sleep, and was compelled to walk the floor incessantly. I was nearly deprived of my reason, and hope had entirely left me, all the efforts made for my recovery having proved fruitless.

By the first of November, 1865, I had become so weak and feeble that I could scarcely stand alone, and, to all appearance, would soon die. At this time (having read your advertisement,) my wife prevailed upon me to try your Bitters. A bottle was procured, and, strange to say, I soon commenced recovering. I have taken four bottles, and am enjoying as good health now as could be expected for one of my age (about sixty years.) I have no doubt that I was your Bitters alone, under Divine Providence, that effected this wonderful cure. R. T. FLUALIN.

HUDSON, MICH., August 30, 1866. fe20

THE HEALTHINESS OF THE WHITE PINE.

One of the most valuable compounds that has ever been brought before the American public is that of the white pine, called POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. It is compounded from the inside bark of the pine tree, which grows abundantly throughout all the New England States, and has long been known and valued for its *anti-scorbutic* properties, not only by the inhabitants of that region of country now resident, but likewise to the wild Indians who formerly roamed the wilderness of the New England pine region, and from whom its great medical virtues seem to have been learned. POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND is, then, nothing more or less, as its name imports, than a complete, pleasant and effectual remedy made from the sweet inside bark of that valuable forest tree, combined with a few other well known ingredients. Its effects a on the kidneys and other secerning organs is truly surprising, but perfectly logical and scientific at the same time. It will be found exceedingly valuable in all dormant and diseased states of the mucous tissues, and we would especially recommend it where Buchu and such like remedies have failed, as being more active and efficacious for diabetes, bleeding from the kidneys, blind piles, enuresis, gravel, and nearly every disease of the mucous lining of the bladder and kidneys.

Sold by the gross, dozen, or single bottle, at DR. KEYSER'S Great Medical Store, 140 Wood street. fe22:s3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

SOUTHERN EVANGELIZATION.—A Union Meeting in behalf of the Sabbath School and Missionary effort among the destitute whites and Freedmen of the South, will be held at the FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Wood street, (Rev. Mr. Scovel's),

On Sabbath Evening, the 24th inst.,

AT 7 O'CLOCK.

Interesting addresses may be expected from Rev. G. L. SHEARER, the American Tract Society's Secretary for the South; Uncle JOHN NASSAR, the well known Army Missionary, and others. The public are respectfully invited.
fe22:99

OFFICE OF THE CONNELLSVILLE AND SOUTH PENNSYLVANIA R. R. COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, February 18, 1867.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 320 South Third street, on

Wednesday, March 6th, 1867,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, M.,

For the Purpose of electing a President and twelve Directors to serve the ensuing year.

fe22:n5 J. J. BARCLAY, Sec'y.

CHEAP HOUSE.

TWO STORY BRICK,

Four rooms, located in the town of Mansfield, on the line of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Rail road, seven miles from Pittsburgh.

Lot, fronting on two streets, 36 feet by 146. Well of good water and stable on lot.

Price Only $1,800.

Apply to STEEL & WILSON.
BROKERS AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
fe21 No. 66 Smithfield Street.

CITIZENS' PASSENGER RAILWAY STOCK, RAILWAY BONDS, &c.—TUESDAY EVENING, February 26th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on the second floor of Commercial Sales-rooms, 108 Smithfield st. cor.:

90 Shares Citizens' Passenger Railway Co.;
50 " Pittsburgh and Connellsville R. R. Co.;
$100 Allegheny Val. R. R. 7 3 10 per cent. Bonds.
fe21 A. MALWAINE, Auct'r.

PRICES REDUCED—On India Rubber Belting, Hose and Steam Packing. The new card rates are from 10 to 15 per cent. lower than our former rate. A full assortment on hand at the India Rubber Depot, 28 and 28 St. Clair street.
f 21 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

GOOBER PEAS.—50 sacks now landing from steam r America; for sale by
fe22 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FEATHERS.—20 sacks in store, for sale by
fe22 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

DRY PEACHES.—200 sacks in store and for sale by
fe22 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

DRY APPLES.—100 sacks in store and for sale by
fe22 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

COTTON.—9 bales in store to sale by
fe22 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)
Corner Fourth & Wood Sts.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities, Foreign Exchange, Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

FOR RENT—From the first of April, the fine
TWO STORIED BRICK DWELLING HOUSE.
Situate on Locust street, Manchester. The lot is large, well in table, ice house and fruit trees. Enquire at the
fe22 94 MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK.

FOR RENT.—The second story of a private dwelling house containing four rooms, with water up stairs, and with good cellar; situate on wylie street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice. The family who occupy the lower story consist of a man and wife only. References required.
Address, "C. J. L.," Gazette Office.
fe22:n7

BUENA VISTA STREET.—All persons are hereby notified that the report of the Viewers appointed to assess the costs, damages and benefits for the opening of Buena Vista street, Second Ward, Allegheny, from its present terminus on Taylor Alley to Anderson street, a distance of 278 feet, has been filed in the Prothonotary's office of Allegheny county, No. 161 April Term, 1867, which report will be confirmed unless exceptions are filed within six weeks from filing the report.
fe22:n6 J. C. McCOMES, Solicitor.

ADJOURNED SALE.

THE McVAY FARM,

Situate in North Fayette township, this county, near Montour's Church, will on each offered at public sale on the premises, on the NINTH OF MARCH next, at 10 o'clock A. M., being 9 miles on the St Ubenville Pike, about 5 miles from the City and 1 mile from Coraopolis. The improvements consist of a New cottage House of brick, large Barn, and sheds, all three of the best varieties in the county. The farm is partly underlaid with coal and a few acres are timbered, principally of large white oaks. Inquire of JOHN SLOPER, on the premises, or of
WAYNE & SHAFER, Attorneys,
fe22:6&d&wF 100 Fifth Street.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Goods for Early Spring Wear,

SELECTED WITH CARE FROM FULL STOCKS,

My customers and the public can rely on having one of the best stocks in the market to select from.

R. B. NORRIS,
79 Federal Street,
fe22:n3 ALLEGHENY.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED AT
JOSEPH HORNE'S & CO.'S.

We are now opening a large and well-selected stock of

SPRING GOODS

embracing all that is new and desirable, in

Dress Trimmings,
Bead Fringes, in White, Black and Amber,
Bead Trimming,
Guipure and Chimey Lace,
Points and Applique Lace,
Lenes and Grape Lace,
Berage, Grenadine and Tissue,
Hamburg Edge and Insertings.

A full line of LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS in Plain, Hemmed, Hem-tit ched, Embroidered and Lace, which we are offering at very low prices.

BUTTONS in great variety consisting of Jet, Silk, Pearl, Fancy and Metals.

SILK TOWELS, at 45 cents each—something new.

Hoop Skirts, Corsets,
Nettie Belt Clasps,
Braid, Ribbons,
Flowers and Frames.

STRIPED SILK GRENADINES. A large stock just received of choice patterns.

Balmoral Skirts and Travelling Bags.

Fine line of GLOVES and HOSIERY.

OUR WHOLESALE ROOMS, up stairs, will be found well supplied with fresh goods, which we offer to the trade at EASTERN PRICES.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
77 and 79 Market Street.
fe22:n90

SIGN--ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

A SUCCESTION TO

Purchasers of Groceries.

You can save

FROM TEN TO TWENTY PER CENT.

By Buying at the House of

SHIELDS & BOUCHER,
108 Smithfield Street,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
fe22

TO EUROPEAN

EXCURSIONISTS.

The undersigned having just returned from New York, where he went to perfect arrangements for booking passengers during the coming season, is prepared to give every information as to rate, accommodation, &c., by the

INMAN OR ANCHOR

Lines of Steamships.

WM. BINGHAM, JR.,
Adams Express Office,
54 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.
fe9:174

WALL PAPERS.

FOR SPRING SALES OF 1867.

We are now prepared to offer to our customers, and the trade generally, an extensive collection of

Paper Hangings, Borders, Fire Board Prints, &c.,

Embracing all qualities of goods known to the Trades, for Parlors, Dining Rooms, Halls, Chambers, Churches, Assembly Rooms, &c. Also,

TRANSPARENT OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES,

At the lowest market prices, at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth.
fe19 178 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

TO LEATHER DEALERS

AND SHOEMAKERS.

Best MARYLAND OAK TANNED SPANISH AND SLAUGHTER

Sole Leather,

In quantities from 100 lbs. up,

At Wholesale Prices for Cash.

Orders solicited.
JAMES W. JONES & SON,
CUMBERLAND, MD., Feb. 12, 1867. fe12:171

HOUSES AND LOTS IN ALLEGHENY CITY AT AUCTION.—The two brick dwelling houses, Nos. 8 and 9 Beaver street, Ohio city, will be sold on the premises on SATURDAY, Feb. 23, at 2 o'clock. They each contain nine rooms, and are situate in a most desirable locality for dwellings. The neighborhood is good. They are near the passenger cars and market house. Property in this part of the city is daily increasing in value. Terms—One-half cash; balance in two years.
fe22 A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

SWEETS AND COFFEES.

103 Barrels N. O. Molasses in store.
8 Hhds. " Sugar.
25 Barrels Booth and Edgar Syrup.
20 " and 100 Kegs do.
100 " Low grade to Good Coffee.
85 Bags prime to choice Coffee.
80 Barrels crushed and Coffee Sugars.
20 Hhds. good to choice Sugars.
For sale by SCHOONMAKER & LANG,
f 1:109 17 and 174 Wood street.

RAFFLE.—On Monday, February 25th, 1867, at the MORGAN HOUSE, Allegheny City.

A GRAND RAFFLE.

With take place for the FINEST HEIFER ever seen in this state, weighing 2 300 pounds. One hundred chances at $5 each.
fe22:179

MADISON STARCH AGENCY.—Just received
600 boxes, 40 lb., Pearl starch;
100 " 6 lb. do.;
100 " Corn do.;
" Silver Gloss starch.
For sale low to the trade by the agents,
SCHOONMAKER & LANG,
fe22:199 172 and 174 Wood street.

MODEL BARGES FOR SALE.— *TWO MODEL BARGES*

145 feet Long, 22 feet Beam and 4 feet hold. For sale low, if applied for soon.
CALDWELL & BRO.,
feb9:138 Water street

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. L. ATWOOD. BENSON JONES. J. M'CAFFREY.

ATWOOD & M'CAFFREY,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,
Cor. of 3rd and Liberty Streets,
ABOVE CARROLL & SNYDER'S,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Light and Heavy Casting furnished promptly to order.

Special attention paid to the fitting out and repairing of Oil Refineries, Steamboats, Rolling Mills, &c., &c.

Agents for A. S. Cameron & Co.'s STEAM PUMPS AND BOILER ENGINES,

These Pumps have superior advantages over all others, and every one is warranted to give satisfaction. Pumps constantly on hand. fe22:n10

CINCINNATI

LEAD PIPE

AND SHEET LEAD WORKS,

No. 19 East Ninth Street.

McCORMICK & GIBSON, Proprietors,

DEALERS IN

Pig Lead, Block Tin and PATENT SHOT.

Make to order PIPES and SHEETS of any required weight and size. Sheets per square foot, 2½ lbs. and upwards. Pipes—Calibre ¼ inch to 2½ inches. Also, very light Pipe for hydraulicing and for Drainage.

We would especially ask the attention of Plumbers and Proprietors of

OIL WORKS AND OIL WELLS.
fe22:n12

STOCK OF CLOTHING At Auction.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF A WHOLESALE CLOTHING HOUSE, consisting of

OVER 1,500

COATS, VESTS AND PANTS

Of Superior Makes and Quality,

Will be sold at the

AUCTION HOUSE.

159 Federal St., Allegheny,

COMMENCING FRIDAY, FEB. 22,

At 9 o'clock, continuing the entire day and recommencing on SATURDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock.

Buyers will find it to their interest to attend this most attractive and peremptory sale.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.
fe22:n61

BLEACHED MUSLINS AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,

No. 67 Market Street,

(West side, near Market House.)

BLEACHED MUSLINS 12½ cents up;
5-4 do do 25 " "
10-4 SHEETING;
10-4, 11-4 LINEN SHEETING;
5-4 PILLOW LINENS;
TABLE LINENS;
HUCK TOWELS;
" By the yard;
BLANKETS;
FLANNELS, and

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GOODS,

ALL NEW.

fe21
W. J. GILMORE. JOS. LIEBLER.

GILMORE & LIEBLER,

Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

TRUNKS,

Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.

A large assortment of Ladies' Satchels always on hand.

Nos. 104 and 106 Wood St.,
fe19:164 PITTSBURGH, PA.

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

RICHARD E. BREED,
IMPORTER,
No. 100 Wood Street.

BRITTANNIA AND SILVER PLATED TABLE WARE, TEA TRAYS and TABLE CUTLERY, always on hand.
CHINA TEA SETS,
CHINA DINNER SETS,
CHINA TOILET SETS,
CHINA VASES,
CHINA SPITTOONS,
BOHEMIAN WARE of every description
LAVA CAMEO BREASTS,
LAVA VASES,
LAVA SPITTOONS,
ENGLISH STONE WARE of all varieties, to suit wholesale and retail trade.

The largest and most complete stock of everything in this line in the city.

Prices and terms the same as in the eastern cities. fe13

LADIES' FURS,

AT

COST PRICES,

AT THE

HAT, CAP AND FUR STORE

OF

McCORD & CO.,
131 *WOOD STREET.*
ja25

REMOVAL NOTICE.

ON APRIL 1ST. WE WILL REMOVE to

No. 15 Diamond, Pittsburgh,

House at present occupied by Wm. Haslage, Esq., where we propose doing an EXCLUSIVE CASH BUSINESS. All persons having accounts with us at present are hereby notified that their accounts will be closed March 31st. It being desirable to have our books closed up before removal, we would earnestly and respectfully request prompt settlement.

W. S. FRANCE & SON.

N. B.—A complete set of grocery fixtures, counters, shelving, &c., of the most approved style, for sale cheap. W. F. & SON.
fe16 156.

ANDREW REGGS,

DEALER IN

GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS,

Hardware, Cutlery & Variety Goods,

No. 3 St. Clair Street 2d door from the Bridge,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Ammunition of all kinds always on hand. Guns and Pistols repaired. Scissors and Razors ground and set. Also, penknife blades inset.

FOR SALE.

Butter---3,800 lbs. in Firkins,

ALSO, A LOT OF

CHOICE CANNED FRUIT, CIGARS, ETC.,

And Lease of Warehouse,

No. 201 LIBERTY STREET.

JOHN TORRENCE.
fe15:147

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures.

Office: No. 29 MARKET STREET,
fe7:168 PITTSBURGH.

GEORGE BEAVEN,

Candy Manufacturer

And dealer in FOREIGN AND AMERICAN FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c., &c.,

No. 112 Federal Street,

Second door from the First National Bank,
ja18:n2 ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.—Fresh Sicily Oranges and Lemons in prime order, just received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JNO. A. RENSHAW,
fe19 Corner Liberty and Hand Streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

M'FARLAND & COLLINS

Offer at Wholesale and Retail,

CARPETS,

A new stock of choice patters, which cannot be excelled in extent and variety.

Window Shades,

In Green, Tan color, Buff, Lavender, Drab, and fancy colors, with plain, neat and rich Gilt and Velvet borders, over 200 different styles.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

All the best patterns in market in sheet: 3, 6, 7-4, 12, 18 and 24 feet wide.

SCOTCH WINDOW HOLLANDS,

Buff, Green, Blue and White, in all widths.

English Woolen Druggets,

Bright Colors, 1¼, 2¼, 3, 3¼, 3½, and 3¾ Yards wide,

WOOLEN AND LINEN CRUMB CLOTHS,

ENGLISH WILTON AND VELVET RUGS,

Swiss Lace & Application Curtains,

In patterns that are not to be found elsewhere.

NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS,

English and French

HEAVY CURTAIN GOODS,

New Patterns Cornices,

Carpet and Curtain UPHOLSTERY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Will send careful and experienced upholsterers to any part of the country to lay carpets and put up curtains, shades, &c.

M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 Fifth Street.

Next building to United States Custom House and Postoffice, second floor. fe21 M. W. F.

M. SIMON,

(Successor to A. GUNSENHAUSER & CO.)

NO. 68 MARKET STREET,

Having purchased the entire Stock of

CLOAKS AND SACQUES,

Circulars and Mantles.

OF THE LATEST STYLES.

I will offer them for sale

AT A LOW FIGURE,

Preparatory to receiving a Splendid Stock

FOR THE SPRING WEAR.

Persons desiring a Bargain

SHOULD CALL AT ONCE.

Particular Attention paid to Orders left for Garments to be made in the

LATEST STYLE.
fe21:167

SEEDS! SEEDS!!

We are Now Prepared with Our

SPRING STOCK

OF

Garden, Field,

AND

FLOWERSEEDS,

WARRANTED FRESH AND GENUINE.

We offer special inducements to

Market Gardeners and Country Merchants.

ALL OUR SEEDS ARE TESTED Before Offering for Sale.

HAY PRESSES.

Ingersoll's Hand and Horse Power

PRESSES.

A Full Stock of all Sizes.

J. KNOX,
137 Liberty Street.

CHAS. B. BARR. HEN. TH. KNAKE. W. L. BUETTLER.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand.
fe7:131

SHEPHARD'S

CRACKERS

317 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.
fe1:84

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

Iron Broker,

124 First Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oilphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig Irons.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. ja14:162

CAUSTIC SODA,

Both American and English,

FINE WHITE BRANDS,

For Oil Refining Purposes,

Constantly on hand and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, by

JAMES HERVEY DOBBS,
246 Pearl Street, N. Y.
de4:123

MONUMENTS, GRAVE STONES

Vaults, Fountains,

Statuary, Vases,

AND

DESIGNS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

T. BROOME,
No. 90 Penn Street.
fe21:

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TWENTY-SECOND

Annual Report of the

NEW YORK

Life Insurance Company.

OFFICE NOS. 112 & 114 BROADWAY.

JANUARY 1, 1867.

Amount of Assets, Jan. 1, 1866		$4,881,919 70
Amount of premiums received during 1866	$2,726,062 43	
Amount of interest received and accrued, including premiums on gold, &c.	332,742 04	
		3,058,804 47
		$7,940,724 17

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid losses by death	$480,197 32	
Paid on account of Deposit premiums	71 44	
Paid for redemptions of dividends, annuities, and surrendered and canceled Policies	337,598 42	
Paid Salaries, Printing, and Office Expenses	91,878 95	
Paid Commissions and Agency Expenses	280,796 99	
Paid for Advertising and Medical Examinations	28,616 62	
Paid Taxes, Internal Revenue Stamps, and Law Expenses	24,007 34	
		1,347,907 52
		$6,727,816 65

ASSETS.

Cash on hand, in Bank, and deposited in Union Trust Company		$ 222,154 79
Invested in United States Stocks, cost	$2,239,591 24	
(Market value, $1,522,750 25.)		
Invested in New York City Bank stocks, cost	52,361 50	
(Market value, $57,500.)		
Invested in New York State Stocks, cost	791,426 54	
(Market value, $853,800.)		
Invested in other Stocks, cost	21,687 50	
(Market value, $30 000.)		
Loans on demand, secured by U. S. and other stocks	241,600 00	
(Market value, $251,525.)		
Real Estate	115,608 87	
Market value, $275,000.)		
Bonds and Mortgages	462,460 00	
Premium Notes on existing Policies, bearing interest	1,284,821 40	
Quarterly and semi-annual Premiums due subsequent to Jan. 1, 1867	226,438 99	
Accrued Interest (not due) to January 1, 1867	54,346 25	
Accrued Rents (not due) to January 1, 1867	3,474 21	
Premiums on Policies in hands of Agents and in course of transmission	229,745 35	
		$6,727,816 65

The Trustees have declared a Return Premium of FORTY PER CENT upon all participating premiums on existing Policies, which were issued twelve months prior to January 1, 1867, and the redemption of the Dividends declared in 1864. Certificates will be redeemed in Cash, on and after the first Monday in March next, on presentation at the Home Office. Policies subject to the same will be credited with the Redemption on the settlement of next premium.

By order of the Board,

WILLIAM H. BEERS, Actuary.

During the year 7,206 new Policies were iss

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

AT EATON'S,

Im. Emb'd Paper Collars,

LADIES' PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS,

All Styles.

THE "INVISIBLE"

Empress Trail Skirt,

ANOTHER LOT RECEIVED.

New Bead Drop

TRIMMING AND BUTTONS.

NEW ASSORTMENT

Alexandre's Kid Gloves,

AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street,

fe21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

We are just receiving a full and complete stock for our spring sales, consisting of

WHITE GOODS, a full finished Cambries, Jaconets, Swiss Mulls, Barred and Plain Nainsooks, Victoria Lawns, Linens, Linen Cambric and Lawns, Tucked Cambric Skirting.

EMBROIDERIES, full line Jaconet Edgings and insertings, Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, Jaconet and Hamburg Flouncings, French Cambric Bands, Dimity Bands, Infants Embroidered Robes and Waists.

LACES, Real Point, and Applique Lace and Edgings, Valencia, Maltese, and Cluny, Thread and Guipure Laces and Edgings, Imi. Val. Laces, Edgings and Insertings.

HANDKERCHIEFS, Real Point and Applique, Thread, Cluny and Val. Trimed, Plain, Embroidered and Hemstitched Linen.

SASH and BONNET RIBBONS, Trimming and Neck RIBBONS.

FULL LINE ALEXANDRE KID GLOVES for Lad es, Gents and Mis es.

CORSETS and HOOP SKIRTS, all makes, Waterfall Pads, Hair Rolls, Coronet Bands, Nets, &c.

A FULL LINE GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

COUNTRY DEALERS, and ALL who buy to sell again, will find in our Wholesale Department, a good assortment, and as low as EASTERN PRICES

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street,

fe18

ITALIAN OPERA.

KID GLOVES---OPERA COLORS.

NEW LOT JUST OPENED.

Fancy Fans,

Opera Hoods,

Real Lace Goods.

BRADLEY'S

New Duplex Skirt For 1867.

$1.25 A PAIR AND WARRANTED.

$1.25 For "S. S." Kid Gloves.

MACRUM & CARLISLE

Are authorized, by the Manufacturer of the "S.S." KID GLOVES,

To Guarantee Every Pair.

Should any rip or tear when being put on, we will replace them with a fresh pair.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street.

fe6

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

New Goods Just Opened.

Merchants desiring to Sort Up should call and examine our Stock and Prices.

FULL LINE OF DRY GOODS & NOTIONS.

No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

ja25

CHEAP GOODS,

27 Fifth Street.

10 LOCKWOODS LINEN LINED COLLARS FOR 25 CENTS.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES BELOW COST.

WINTER AND SPRING SHAWLS AT COST.

REMNANTS OF EMBROIDERY BELOW COST.

EMBROIDERED SWISS SETS FOR $1.00 AND $1 25.

ALL WINTER GOODS BELOW COST, AT

D. DENNISON'S,

fe13:194 27 Fifth street.

CHEAP GOOD

27 Fifth Street.

10 LOCKWOOD LINEN LINED COLLARS FOR 25 CENTS.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES BELOW COST.

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EMBROIDERED SWISS SETS FOR $1.00 AND $1 25.

ALL WINTER GOODS BELOW COST AT

D. DENNISON'S.

fe13:195 27 Fifth street.

CARR, McCANLDESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 Wood St.,

Third house above Diamond Alley,

fe6:tf PITTSBURGH, PA.

DRUGGISTS.

GEORGE A. KELLY ..... R. M. SNODGRASS.

GEORGE A. KELLY & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists,

37 Wood Street,

OPIUM,	IODIDE POTASSUM,
MORPHIA,	CHLORATE POTASH,
QUININE,	BROM. POTASSUM,
IODINE RESUB,	NITRATE SILVER,

STANDARD CHEMICALS,

ja17

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!!

JAMES T. SAMPLE

HAVING BOUGHT THE WELL KNOWN DRUG HOUSE ON COR. FEDERAL AND ROBINSON STS., ALLEGHENY,

Will keep on hand a full assortment of all kinds of

DRUGS.

And which will be sold cheaper than any other house in the two cities.

Prescriptions carefully prepared by a first-class druggist.

All kinds of PERFUMERY and FANCY SOAPS on hand. oc30

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,

Pittsburgh White Lead Works,

PURE WHITE LEAD,

BLUE LEAD GROUND IN OIL FOR PAINTING & OIL BARRELS,

No. 67 Fourth Street. Up Stairs.

no21 n79

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Northwest corner of Penn & St. Clair Sts.

Desires to return thanks to his friends and the public for the many past favors, and respectfully solicits a share of their future patronage. He would be pleased to have them examine his

Large and Carefully Selected Stock

OF

Fine Woolen Goods

Particularly adapted to

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR FOR FALL AND WINTER

ja13:n90

REDUCED PRICES.

TO CLOSE OUT OUR WINTER STOCK OF

BOY'S CLOTHING,

We are offering Special Inducements.

PRICES VERY LOW.

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street,

FINANCIAL

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE LOAN.

PROPOSALS FOR A LOAN OF

$23,000,000.

AN ACT

To Create a Loan

FOR THE REDEMPTION OF

The Over-Due Bonds of the Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, The bonds of the Commonwealth, and certain certificates of indebtedness, amounting to twenty-three millions of dollars, have been over due and unpaid for some time past; *And Whereas*, It is desirable that the same should be paid, and withdrawn from the market; therefore,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer be, and are hereby, authorised and empowered to borrow, on the faith of the Commonwealth, in such amounts and with such notice, (not less than forty days) as they may deem most expedient for the interests of the State, twenty-three millions of dollars, and issue certificates of loan or bonds of the Commonwealth for the same, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first of February and first of August, in the City of Philadelphia, which certificates of loan or bonds shall not be subject to any taxation whatever, for State, municipal or local purposes, and shall be payable as follows, namely: Five millions of dollars payable at any time after five years and within ten years; eight millions of dollars, payable at any time after ten years and within fifteen years, and ten millions of dollars at any time after fifteen years and within twenty-five years; and shall be signed by the Governor and State Treasurer, and countersigned by the Auditor General and registered in the books of the Auditor General, and to be transferable on the books of the Commonwealth, at the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia; the proceeds of the whole of which loan, including premiums, et ceters, received on the same, shall be applied to the payment of the bonds and certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth.

SEC. 2. The bids for the said loan shall be opened in the presence of the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer, and awarded to the highest bidder; *Provided*, That no certificate hereby authorized to be issued, shall be negotiated for less than its par value.

SEC. 3. The bonds of the State and certificates of indebtedness, now over due, shall be receivable in payment of the said loan, under such regulations as the Governor, ditor General and State Treasurer may prescribe; and every bidder for the loan, now authorized to be issued, shall state in his bid whether the same is payable in cash or in the bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth.

SEC. 4. That all trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, agents, treasurers, committees, or other persons, holding in a fiduciary capacity, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the State or moneys, are hereby authorized to bid for the loan hereby authorized to be issued, and to surrender the bonds or certificates of loan held by them at the time of making such bid, and to receive the bonds authorized to be issued by this act.

SEC. 5. Any person or persons standing in the fiduciary capacity stated in the fourth section of this act, who may desire to invest money in their hands for the benefit of the trust, may, without any order of court, invest the same in the bonds authorized to be issued by this act, at a rate of premium not exceeding twenty per centum.

SEC. 6. That from and after the passage of this act, all the bonds of this Commonwealth shall be paid off in the order of their maturity.

SEC. 7. That all loans of this Commonwealth, not yet due, shall be exempt from State, municipal or local taxation, after the interest due February first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, shall have been paid.

SEC. 8. That all existing laws, or portions thereof, inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

JOHN P. GLASS,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

L. W. HALL,

Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

JOHN W. GEARY.

In accordance with the provision of the above act of Assembly, sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Treasurer, in the city of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, until 12 o'clock, M., of the 1st day of April, A. D., 1867, to be endorsed as follows: "Proposals for Pennsylvania State Loan," Treasury Department, Harrisburg, Penn'a, U. S. A.

Bids will be received for $5,000,000, reimbursable in Five years and payable in Ten years; $8,000,000 reimbursable in Ten years and payable in Fifteen years; and $10,000,000 reimbursable in Fifteen ears and payable in Twenty-Five years. The rate of interest to be either 5 or 6 per cent. per annum, which must be explicitly stated in the bid, and the bids most advantageous to the State will be accepted. No bid for less than par will be considered. The bonds will be issued in sums of $50, and such higher sums as desired by the loaners, to be free from State, local and municipal taxes.

The over due bonds of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania will be received at par in payment of this loan, but bidders must state whether they intend to pay in cash or in the over due loans aforesaid.

No distinction will be made between bidders paying in cash or over-due loans.

JOHN W. GEARY,

Governor of Pennsylvania.

JOHN F. HARTHANFT,

Auditor General.

W. H. KEMBLE,

State Treasurer.

☞N. B.—No newspaper publishing the above, unless authorized, will receive pay. fe8:t29

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FRIDAY, FEB. 22, 1867.

CITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

SENATOR GRAHAM.

Presentation to General Cameron at Harrisburg—Speech of Senator Graham, of Allegheny County—His Reasons for Supporting General Cameron for United States Senator.

On Saturday afternoon last, at Harrisburg, the workmen employed in the Lochiel Iron Works, presented to General Simon Cameron, a magnificent ebony cane, heavily mounted with gold. The presentation was intended to mark the respect of the workmen for the man, and a testimony to his worth as a citizen. The subscription to purchase the cane was confined exclusively to the employees in the Lochiel Iron Works. The cane bears the following inscription:

"Presented to General Simon Cameron, by the employees of the Lochiel Iron Works, as a token of their high appreciation of his valuable services in favor of protection to American Industry."

On the side of it is a beautiful and correct picture of the Iron Works, and underneath are the words, handsomely engraved: "Justice and Equality to all men." The other side presents the State Capitol building, with the words underneath, "Liberty and Protection."

The presentation of the cane took place at the Iron works. Mr. G. Lewis, one of the workmen called the employees together a little before four o'clock, and proposed Senator Graham, of Allegheny county, as chairman of the meeting. The motion was enthusiastically endorsed and Mr. Graham stepped upon a platform, especially fitted up for the occasion.

Mr. Graham then addressed the workmen. After referring to the object that had convened the meeting, he said: You know, gentlemen, that I hail from the cloud canopied cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, where the hum of the spindle, the roar of the furnace and the clang of the hammer never ceases, and not to be a laborer is not to be respected. For, gentlemen, we are eminently a manufacturing people. The healthful life current that courses through and gives vitality and wealth to every department of our business, receives its pulsations from our grand manufacturing establishments, which send forth and support eloquently of the energy, industry and enterprise of our people. When I became a Senator, five years since, I came to Harrisburg with my mind filled with prejudice against Simon Cameron. I had heard him denounced by the public press, and I held up as a corrupt and dishonest politician. Previous to that time I had no personal acquaintance with him.

Since I have become personally acquainted with him, since I have learned from his neighbors of his large-hearte t benevolence, of his generous and unselfish benefactions, of the purity af his private character, of his loyal devotion to the best interests of his country, those prejudices have been gradually removed, and a genuine admiration and respect for the man have taken their place.

In determining my action in the late contest I did not act hastily, or without due consideration. There were three gentlemen named prominently as candidates for Senator, Thaddeus Stevens, Gov. A. G. Curtin and General Simon Cameron.

Thaddeus Stevens is regarded as one of the g eatest men of this or any other country standing without a peer as a parliamentarian, one of the wonderful intellectual phenomena that hit rarely break upon and adorn the world. He was, indeed, regarded by me as the "great Commoner"—radical, stern, indefatigable—always standing up for the right and opposing the wrong, a man of whom I, as a Pennsylvanian, as an American, feel proud. "A man who, take him all in all, we ne'er shall look upon his like again." But, gentlemen, I believe—I still believe, that he occupied the very position that "God and nature" intended him for—a position in which he could do more honor to himself, and more effectually promote the interests of the nation, than he could if transferred to the Senate. He was at the head of the most important committees, the acknowledged leader of the House, wielding an influence there which, in my judgment, he could not have exerted in any other position. And as for honor, could any position garland the brow of Thaddeus Stevens with an additional laurel

Again, gentlemen, if elected to the Senate, I feared that his seat in the House might be filled by some inferior man. And then, again, his age; the young may die—the old must. Thaddeus Stevens has lived to a green old age, and according to the inevitable laws of nature, must soon, very soon, pass to that silent home appointed for all the living—go, I trust, to have his head encircled with a wreath that will be incorruptible, undefiled, and shall never wither or fall from the wearer's brow.

Gentlemen, a very few years work wonderous changes in the world—the political world especially. Elect Mr. Stevens to the Senate, and in the event of his decease (which Providence forbid), in two years the Democratic party might be in the ascendency, and then we would have a Democratic United States Senator. Entertaining such views, and knowing as I thought I knew the impossibility of his election, I did not deem it to be my duty to vote for him.

I felt myself obliged, therefore, to choose between Governor Curtin and General Cameron. For myself I entertained none but the most kind and respectful feelings towards Governor Curtin; he had always treated me with great consideration. All acknowledged him to be a courteous, amiable and patriotic gentleman. I had been his friend and defender in Allegheny county, where he was assailed in some of our papers just as bitterly and unjustly as General Cameron has recently been attacked.

Yet, gentlemen, while none have been more honestly and unselfishly the friend of Andrew G. Curtin than myself, I could not vote for him for United States Senator, and why? Because my opponents have so clearly demonstrated, convinced me that the very amiability of his disposition, his want of firmness and decision, unfitted him at a time like this, when our country needs earnest, unyielding, radical men; men who will stand up like the sturdy republican oaks, unmoved by the warring elements, men whose party fealty has never been doubted. I will not say an unkind word of Governor Curtin, I have not uttered one against him. Yet I cannot refrain fr m assigning, as a reason for my not voting for him, his position, for a time at least, during the last Presidential contest, and his apparent adhesion to the man who, raised by the Republican party to the proud office in the gift of the people, and then by the assassin's hand to the Presidency of the United States, basely betrayed those who had honored him, and is to-day using his position and patronage for their destruction. I say his apparent adhesion to President Johnson, after he had betrayed the Republican party, and that party had repudiated him. This adhesion may have been only in appearance, yet it was enough to cause many of his friends sincere regret.

On the other hand, my preposessions on entering the senate had been against General Cameron. I had heard the old charges against him, and I was disposed to judge him harshly. When, however, I came to know him better, to observe his life and conduct, and to ascertain what the people among whom he lived thought of him, I was compelled to disregard the slanders of his enemies and to form my own judgment of his character. My intercourse with him satisfied me that he was an upright and earnest statesman, thoroughly radical in his views, and devoted to the interests of Pennsylvania. Moreover, I felt sure that he would be found reliable in any contingency, and that the Radicals of this State would never have cause to regret that we had chosen him to represent them in the Senate of the United States. And again, gentlemen, the constituency which I represent are vitally interested in a protective tariff. The material prosperity of our immense manufacturing interests are in a great measure dependent upon proper protection. I remembered the fact that Simon Cameron, when in the Senate, elected to it by the Democratic party—that the question of protection to American industry was before that body, rose superior to party trammels, and in opposition to his party, advocated it in various speeches of great power. And then, gentlemen, I looked at his record, since the breaking out of the late terrible rebellion. He seemed to have a more perfect conception of the magnitude, than any man in public position. With prophetic eye, he seemed to scan it in all its gigantic proportions, and urged the calling out of one million men to crush the rebel acgales. And after the war had continued for a time, and our forces seemed inadequate to subdue the rebellion, General Cameron was the very first statesman who advocated the arming of the negro, which he did in his report as Secretary of War, in December, 1861. And yet, again, when he saw that slavery was a great element of strength to the rebellion, when he saw four millions of human beings, trodden down under the iron heel of oppression until almost every lineament of God-head and humanity was obliterated—he was among the first who urged the issuing of the proclamation of emancipation, thus striking off the shackles of four millions of human beings, and obliterating that deep, dark, damning stain that rested upon the escutcheon of our country.

I knew that he was in favor of negro suffrage in Pennsylvania as well as in the South—that he was in favor of punishing traitors instead of rewarding them with offices—that he was a progressive man and would always go forward—never backward.

For these reasons I resolved to vote for General Cameron; if any of my friends think I ought to have done other wise I am sorry I cannot agree with them. I believe then and I still believe that in voting as I did I represented the best interests of the loyal and patriotic people of the State.

I knew that personally I had nothing to gain by casting my vote for General Cameron. I never asked for nor received a favor from him—neither expected or desired any present or prospective advantage to myself, but upon the contrary, knew that I might alienate many valued friends. I met with my conceptions of duty under the solemnities of my oath as Senator, I could not do otherwise than I have done. And, gentlemen, employees of the Lochiel Iron Works, and you, gentlemen, his friends and neighbors, who now, with upturned, beaming, earnest faces, stand around me—if I needed an additional argument for having cast my vote for General Cameron, you have furnished it to me in the earnest, enthusiastic greeting you have this day given him; in the cordial, kindly bearing and feeling which seems to exist between you; in the genuine affection which you manifest for him, and the evident interest you take in his welfare. Gentlemen, no ordinary man, no bad man, could ever win the hearts or secure a place in the affections of men such as comprise this assembly.

In reviewing the whole subject, my conclusion is this: by voting for general Cameron, I contributed my influence to elevate to power and places man of known and reliable antecedents, largely and intimately identified with the material interests of this great State, a man of bold and radical avowals, holding a large place in individual affection and public esteem, and whose wide influences will be consecrated to the good of the whole land. Firmly believing this, I most cheerfully submit my action to the sober judgment of the wise, the discreet, and the patriotic. Again, gentlemen, I thank you for the unexpected honor you have conferred upon me in calling me to preside at your meeting.

The cane was then presented to General Cameron by Mr. C. Lewis, on behalf of the workmen. The General made an appropriate and interesting speech in response. Senator Landon also made a brief address.

Found Drowned.

On Sunday, the 17th inst., the dead body of an unknown man was found in the Allegheny river, near the Soda Works at Natrona. The man was of medium size and had dark hair and sandy whiskers. A front tooth was out of the upper jaw and his right eye was sunken, as though he had been blind with that eye. He had on striped woolen pants, a gray flannel shirt, blue barred woolen vest and rubber boots. Nothing was found in his pockets save a key and a comb. Not the slightest clue by which his identity could be established existed. The corpse had evidently been a considerable time in the water. Justice Miller held the inquest, and a verdict of found drowned was rendered.

Badly Scared.

Yesterday, Jane Sloan, a colored woman, residing on Boyd's Hill, made information before Alderman McMasters, charging Robert and Margaret Savage with surety of the peace. She alleges that on the 19th of November last, the accused met her on the street and commenced abusing her, calling her names and using other threatening language, which became so badly frightened as to be sick from that time until this, so the information was obliged to wait this time. The case was held for a hearing.

Sent to Jail—On Wednesday evening Rachel Hummel was charged with the killing of a new born infant in the Presbyterian burying ground, some time since, was committed to jail. She waived a hearing, saying that she would prefer to avoid the publicity of a trial as long as possible. She earnestly requested to be retained in the lock-up instead of being sent to jail, and when told she must be transferred, asked that she might be removed after dark, so as to avoid the public gaze as much as possible. Since her imprisonment in the lock-up, her daughter has been several times to visit her, and the health of the prisoner is very much improved.

Formation of the Alleghenies.—University Hall, 7½ o'clock this evening.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TERRIBLE CRASH.

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES FOR 30 DAYS. MANY GOODS LESS THAN FIRST COST.

Men's Calf Boots, tap sole, selling $3 50, reduced from $2.50.

Men's grain boots, water proof, selling $4.75, reduced from $3.75.

Men's grain boots, sewed, selling $4.50, reduced from $3.50.

Men's kip boots selling $3.75, reduced from $4.25.

Men's opera boots selling $2.75, reduced from $2.25.

Men's balmorals, top sole, selling $2.50, reduced from $2.00.

Men's balmorals, as Bing $2.25, reduced from $2.75

Men's balmorals, selling $2.50, reduced from $2.25

Men's and youths sel ing $2.00, reduced from $1.75

" " " $1.50, " $1.40

" " " $1.25, " $1.00

" " " $1.00, " $0.90

Ladies' French (me) bals selling $2.75, reduced from $2.25

Ladies' goat balsselling $1.75, reduced from $2.25

Ladies' goat bals, tip, selling $1.40, reduced from $1.00

ENTIRE STOCK AT GREAT REDUCTIONS

26 and 28 Fifth St., Pittsburgh.

W. B. CLAPP & CO.

fe22

LADIES' AND GENT'S

FURS,

AT

SUMMER PRICES,

AT

HILLERMAN'S

No. 75 Wood Street.

Also, a Large Assortment of

HATS & CAPS

OF THE

LATEST STYLES.

Ja18

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

PRONOUNCED BY

CONNOISSEURS

TO BE THE

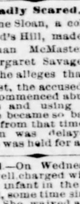
"ONLY GOOD SAUCE"

and applicable to

EVERY VARIETY

OF

DISH.



EXTRACT

of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at MADRAS, to the Firm of WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in this country. In my opinion, the most delicate as well as piquant sauce, and some SAUCE that really is SAUCE."

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused many unprincipled dealers to apply the name WORCESTERSHIRE, to compounds, the PUBLIC is respectfully and EARNESTLY requested to see that the name of LEA & PERRINS are upon the WRAPPER, LABEL, STOPPER and BOTTLE.

Manufactured by LEA & PERRINS, Worcester.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

NEW YORK, AGENTS FOR THE U. S.

oc16:1m*tuf

JAMES S. STRICKLER..... C. H. MORLEDGE.

IRON CITY SPICE MILLS,

FIFTH STREET EXTENSION,

Near Pennsylvania Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PURE SPICES AND MUSTARD

Warranted when our name is on the Article.

FRESH GROUND CORNMEAL and RYE FLOUR constantly on hand.

COFFEE AND GROUND NUTS ROASTED promptly.

We respectfully inform the public that we will continue the manufacture of all the GOODS we have made for the past two years, and refer to Wholesale and Retail Dealers at the lowest Market Prices. We will also attend to the patronage of the public.

R. J. MAXWELL, formerly of the Congress Spice Mills, will be found at the above mill at all hours to attend to the wants of customers.

CHOPPED FEED constantly on hand.

STRICKLER & MORLEDGE.

de20:y76

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS,

CLINTON MILL, STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President.
JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treas'r.
SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS—August Hartje, Alwal, S. H. Hartman, John B. Livingston, John M. Perkins, H. Murdock.

Cash Paid for Paper Stock.

no29:n68

H. J. LANCE,

SILK AND WOOLEN

DYER AND SCOURER,

ALSO,

Chintz Window Curtains and Chair Covers Cleaned & Reglazed without unpacking.

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

Between Wood and Smithfield,

my19:n72 PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH, January 28, 1867.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNERS.—The attention of the property owners and citizens of the City of Pittsburgh is called to the following resolution of the Street Committee, adopted at the last meeting, Jan. 26, 1867.

Resolved, That the Citizens and Property Owners of Pittsburgh, desirous of having the streets in front of their respective property graded, paved and set with curb stone are invited to present their petitions to Council *before the 1st day of April, 1867*, at all petitions presented after that date will necessarily be laid over till the following year.

CHARLES KEICHSPFAHR,
Clerk of the Street Committee.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY..... PHILIP ULRIS.

SINGERLY & ULRIS,

(Successors to Geo. F. Schuchman & Co.)

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.

The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Checks, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c. Nos. 74 and 74 Third st., Pittsburgh. fe8

NECESSARIES FOR THE WINTER.—For a good COOKING STOVE and other Kitchen Utensils, go to No. 146 Grant St. Plain and Fancy COAL SCUTTLES, FIRE SHOVELS, Plain and Fancy; Utensils for Cooking Oyster and other fancy dishes; Fenders, Stove Pipe, Water Conductors, and all other articles, call at P. C. DUFFY'S, No. 146 Grant street. All cheap! cheap! cheap! oc

REMOVAL.—THE UNDERSIGNED have removed the office of the HOPE OIL WORKS from 35 Market street, Pittsburgh, to their Works on Garson street, Brownstown, where they can hereafter be found. Postoffice Address 836, Pittsburgh.

DUNCAN & WILLIAMS.

oc24:116

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞**A CARD TO INVALIDS.**

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE. Please enclose a post-paid envelope addressed to yourself.

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
de3:y21 Station D, Bible House, N. Y. City.

☞**WM. BARNHILL & CO.,**

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Scrap Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATANT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. fe8:6m

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FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } THURSDAY, February 21, 1867.

The following are the New York stock quotations for to-day: Gold, 137¼; 1881 bonds, 110½; Five Twenties, old, 111¾; Five Twenties, '65, 108¾; do new, 108¾; Seven Thirties, 105¾. Michigan Southern Railroad, 79¼; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 80; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 96¾; Erie, 65¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, ——; Chicago and Rock Island, 97⅝; Chicago and Northwestern, 36¾; do preferred, 69½; New York Central, 104¾.

—The New York clearing-house statement indicates, less positively than usual the easy condition of the money market, because business is dull, and the consequent need is small for accommodation. The effects are seen, however, of the activity in the Government sales of new Five Twenties of 1865, by which the sub-treasury balance was enlarged by several millions during the closing days of last week. The legal tenders in bank have declined nearly three millions, the deposits two millions, while the loans have increased $2,262,303. The specie has decreased $1,364,651. The torpor of general business is further shown by the fact that the clearings were less by $33,000,000 than those of last week, the aggregate being $155,000,000 against $188,000,000 last week and $172,000,000 the week previous.

—The New York *Post* says the chief features of importance in Wall street is the sluggish torpor which prevails in all departments of business, the only exception being in Government bonds, in which a fair, but still further volume is transacted. We can report a sale of 500 bids, on the spot, at 21¾, which is a little above the market, 27 for 27¼, being the best offers to-day for immediate delivery, in Philadelphia; also, 100 bids *standard white*, for April delivery in Philadelphia, at 28, and 100 bids *prime light straw to white* may be quoted at 27 to 27½ for March, and 28 to 28¼ for April. For free oil, the demand is very light, and prices are unchanged; small sales at 42 to 43.

ARRIVALS.—The following arrivals of oil were reported to-day:

Fisher & Bro.....100 | Jas. Wilkins,..... 193
J. K. Barbour.... 109 | S. B. Floyd & Co.... 15

Total.....1717

CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } WEDNESDAY, Feb. 21, 1867.

CATTLE.

There has been a light run of cattle this week again, and with a good attendance of buyers, and a brisk shipping demand, the market was firm, and compared with last week, prices have still further advanced. We now quote at 5 to 7 cents, gross, for fair-ish to medium; 7¼ to 9 for good to prime, and 8¼ to 8¾ for extra—it is said that there was a sale of extra at 8¾. The offerings being unusually light, holders experienced no difficulty in selling, and that, too, at the advance noted, while buyers were forced to pay the prices or go home with empty cattle in their pockets. Even common cattle were sought after, and taken at an advance, a thing which occurs only when cattle are scarce and high, and sellers realizing that they had the market pretty much in their own hands, had no compunction of conscience in making the best possible use of it. Usually big prices draw out larger shipments, and with an ever supplied market, prices are sure to decline, and it would not be surprising to see a reaction within the next few weeks—shrewd operators are looking for it, and shaping their sails accordingly.

SWINE.

During the early part of the week the market for Hogs was a little "shaky," and with unfavorable reports from New York, a general "break-down" was looked for. Since then, however, a stronger feeling has sprung up, and buyers are buying pretty freely, at about last week's prices. Lots of Hogs, suitable for New York, may be quoted at 7 to 7¼—Wm Leeds reports having bought about 1,000 head for that market. In fact, at the prices above named, good to prime Philadelphia Hogs sold at from 7¼ to 8 gross, the outside quotation being realized with but little difficulty for prime heavy averages. Generally, the quality of the Hogs was of an inferior order, and this, as a matter of course, had a tendency to depreciate prime heavy averages—suitable for retailing in the Philadelphia market. Among others, Crouse, Emerick & Co., Huff & Co., Gilchreist & Co., Singer & Imhoff, Mace & Orr, bought pretty liberally for shipment. Lafferty & Co. sold several droves. C. M. Keys shipped 500 head to Baltimore which cost him on an average, 7.60. The transactions for the week will probably foot up about seven thousand head, more or less.

SHEEP.

The market for this class of stock has improved, and with a good shipping demand and a pretty full attendance of buyers, prices have advanced ½@¾c per lb. since last week, are a shade higher. We quote at from 4½ to 7.15, and these may be regarded as the extremes of the market. D. Holser sold Erisman 140 head of extra at 7.15; Heck to Erisman 158 at 6.85; same to same 150 at 5.40; Erwin to same lot 158 at 6.30. Mace & Orr to same buyer 63 at 6.85; Johnson to Munn 3 car loads of extra at a profit of $225. Hesser & Co. report having sold to Philadelphia 18 car loads, which cost 4½ to 7.

REPORTED SALES OF CATTLE FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEB. 21, 1867.

Huff to Todd 17 head of good steers, averaging 1300, at 6½c per head; same to same 18 head light steers, averaging 1000, at 6c per head. Sailsbach & Co to Sparks 17 head, weighing 19,375, at 7. M. Johnston to Mooney & Co. 20 head, weighing 21,400, at 6¾. Aull & Co. to Frank 46 head, weighing 54,800, at 7.45. Myers & Neely to same, weighing 30,575, at 6.80; same to same, 18 head, weighing 17,200, at 6. Dickenson to Mooney 9 head, weighing 8225, at 6¾. Davis & Co. to Mooney 19 head, weighing 21,825, at 6.85. Ward to Mooney 16 head, weighing 20,020 at 7. Saltsback to Montague & Co. 35 head, weighing 48,500, at 7. Myers & Neely to Weed, Monroe & Co. 18 head, weighing 19,300, at 7¾. Duffy & Co. to Hymen 19 head, weighing 19,480, at 7. Huff to Duffy & Co. 19 head, weighing 19,575, at 7.30. Goffey to Klemen 34 head, weighing 41,860, at 7. Parmer to Wilber & Bro. 17 head, weighing 18,350, at 6¾. Hadden to Hutchison 13 head, weighing 14,925, at 6.90. Myers & Neely sold Barney Grey two car loads, of extra cattle, on private terms —supposed to be about 8¾. M. Johnston to John Smith 34 head, averaging 1,300, at 7¾; same to same 1 car "tail ends" at 6¼.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Financial Matters.

NEW YORK, February 21.—Money easy and steady, at 3@6 per cent. Sterling, firm at 8½@9. Gold a shade firmer, opening at 137¾, declining to 137½. Government stocks firm. Freights to Liverpool, steady, with engagements of 30,000 bushels of corn, at 6|6c per sailing vessels.

LATER.—Wall street is unsettled by the aspect of affairs in Washington. Gold firm, steady and advanced. Governments in the main firm and unchanged, but the demand for five-twenties of 1862, available for export, appears almost completely exhausted, and the last issue of Five Twenties of 1865 are consequently in demand for shipments. The Treasury has suspended the sale of the new issue of the latter, owing to the large amount of coupons due on the 1st of March, now soon for bids, and negotiations will be promptly made for putting it also in the course of construction.

On Friday, March 15th, the stern wheel Imperial, lying in Quincy bay with some freight on board, was sunk by the mowing ice. She was owned by Capt. Ben Forbes, Capt. Seventh Thirties, 105. The difference of 5|16 per cent between quotations for Five Twenties of 1865 and London and Paris may be explained from facts that bonds are estimated in Paris Bourse on a basis of five francs on the dollar, while the value of a dollar in exchange transactions is 5.16|6.15.

Stocks firmer and meagre, with the continued depression of Pacific and Atlantic Mail. The former fell off a fraction after to 81. Erie higher. Miscellaneous shares quiet and unchanged. In the afternoon the stock market was generally better, and Pacific Mail and Hudson advanced considerable. At 4:30 P. M., the quotations were: New York Central, 104; Erie, 65¾; Reading, 104; Michigan Southern, 79¼; Northwestern, 35¾; Rock Island, 98¾; Fort Wayne, 96¼; Pacific Mail, 137½.

To-morrow will be observed as a holiday in financial circles, and the banks and all stock boards will be closed, and business in the street and vicinity will be generally suspended.

The Mining market is strong, but generally inactive, and prices are well sustained, and rose to $15, at the close with only a little offering. Quartz Hill advanced to $4.25 @4.30; Empire, $1.20; Consolidated, $1.10; Union, $12.06; Desmaines, $2.15; Peoples', $1.80. Express stocks—Adams, 57; Wells, Fargo & Company, 36½.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, February 21.—Cotton heavy at 1c@¼c lower; sales of 1700 bales of uplands, at 32c. Flour more active, at 5@10c better, chiefly on low grades; receipts 1416; sales at 4.60@4.80 for superfine state; 4.90@5.10 for extra state; 5.05@5.20; choice, $5.10@$12.00; shipping brands, $5.70@$11.00; extra western, $5.05@$10.50; choice, $10.10@$12.00; shipping brands, $5.70@$11.00; extra Ohio, $5.05@$10.50; choice, $10.10@$16.00. Market closed firm and quiet. Whisky quiet and steady. Wheat 2@3c better; receipts 14,000 bushels; sales 14,000 bushels, at 1.60@1.67 Canada free; 1.62@1.67 Milwaukee, $2.10; No. 2 do $2.06@2.09. Rye steady; sales of 2000 bushels of western, at $1.16@1.17. Canada free, $1.25@1.27. Barley without decided change; sales at $2.25 Canada West free, $1.18@1.20. Barley Malt, dull. Corn in lower; receipts 2000; sales of 12,000 bushels at $1.06@1.07 for mixed western; $1.06@1.09½ afloat, western yellow on shore $1.07. Oats heavy; receipts 2700; sales of 2000 bushels of western, at 68@69c. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut Meats firm; sales of 250 packages at 8½@10c for shoulders; 12½@12¾ for hams. Lard firmer; sales at 12½@12¾ for prime mess; also 2,250 barrels of new mess at $20.87@21.25, for seniors' and buyers' options. Pork firmer and fairly active; sales of 3,750 bbls, at $20.50@21.00 for new mess, closing at $20.99 for "Western; $19.62@20.12 for old mess. Sugar firmer; sales of 1000@1200 prime new at 9¾@10c. Molasses firmer; sales of 200 hhds of Cuba, 31½@35c; Porto Rico, 13½c. Molasses firm at 75c. New Orleans, 31@35c. Petroleum dull; crude, 16c; refined in bond, 29@30c. Tallow—New, 9@9 70c. Pork firmer and in fair demand; sales of 3,750 bar rels, at $20.50@21.00 for new mess, closing at $20.99 for Western; $19.62@20.12 for old mess. Lard firmer; sales of 1,000@1200 prime new at 12½@12¾. Butter and Cheese dull. Eggs firmer; sales of 250 barrels of new mess at $20.87@21.25, for seniors' and buyers' options. Prime Rio Coffee firm; sales of 1,000 bags at 14¾c. Sugar firmer; sales of 800 hhds Porto Rico, 11¾